North Carolina Education Performance Indicators

During the 2018-19 school year, only about half—48%—of North Carolina’s eligible 4-year-olds from lower income families were enrolled in the NC Pre-K program. By 2030, the goal is that 75% of eligible four-year-olds in each county will be enrolled in NC Pre-K in North Carolina. Currently 28 out of 100 counties have met this enrollment goal.

Forty-five percent of North Carolina 3rd through 8th graders earned college-and-career-ready scores on the Reading End-of-Grade exam in 2019. By 2030, the goal is to have 73% of students in grades 3-8 earn college-and-career-ready scores in reading.

Thirty-six percent of North Carolina’s 4th grade students scored at or above proficiency on the NAEP fourth grade reading assessment, placing our state 19th among all states in 2019. In Virginia, the southern state with the highest reading proficiency rate, 38% are proficient. By 2030, the goal is that 42% of North Carolina’s 4th grade students will demonstrate reading proficiency on the NAEP assessment.

Nearly 37% of North Carolina’s 8th grade students scored at or above proficiency on the NAEP 8th grade math assessment, placing our state 20th among all states in 2019. In Virginia, the top-performing southern state, 38% of students scored at or above proficient in math. By 2030, the goal is that 42% of North Carolina’s 8th grade students will demonstrate math proficiency on the NAEP assessment.

Nearly 15% of North Carolina K-12 students were chronically absent during the 2015-16 school year, meaning they missed 15 or more days of school during the year. This placed our state 24th among all states in 2016. South Carolina (11.3%) had the lowest chronic absenteeism rate among southern states. By 2030, the goal is to reduce the statewide chronic absenteeism rate to 11%.

North Carolina’s high school graduation rate is currently 87%, placing our state 22nd among all states in 2017. Tennessee (90%) was the top-performing Southern state. By 2030, the goal is that 95% of North Carolina high school students will graduate within four years or less.

In 2019, 56% of North Carolina public school 11th graders earned an ACT composite score of 17 or higher. By 2030, the goal is to have 70% of 11th graders earn an ACT score of 17 or higher.
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**FAFSA Completion Rate**
Percent of North Carolina high school seniors completing Free Applications for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA).

- 64% (2030 goal 80%)

**Postsecondary Enrollment Rate**
Percent of North Carolinians 18-24 enrolled in a postsecondary institution.

- 41% (2030 goal 47%)

**First-Year Persistence Rate**
Percent of students beginning postsecondary at a North Carolina institution and continue to a second year of enrollment at any postsecondary institution.

- 77% (2030 goal 80%)

**Postsecondary Completion Rate: 4-Year Public**
Percent of students beginning postsecondary at a North Carolina 4-year public institution who complete a degree or credential within 6 years.

- 74% (2030 goal 80%)

**Postsecondary Completion Rate: 4-Year Private**
Percent of students beginning postsecondary at a North Carolina 4-year private institution who complete a degree or credential within 6 years.

- 72% (2030 goal 80%)

**Postsecondary Completion Rate: 2-Year Public**
Percent of students beginning postsecondary at a North Carolina 2-year public institution who complete a degree or credential within 6 years.

- 38% (2030 goal 45%)

**Labor Market Alignment**
Alignment between the skills of graduates and the needs of employers.

- 82%

**Disconnected Youth**
Percent of North Carolina 16-19-year-olds neither in school or working (indicator shown as distance from 100%).

- 7% (VA 5%)

**Labor Force Participation Rate**
Percent of North Carolina 25-44-year-olds in the labor force.

- 83% (VA 85%)

**Family-Sustaining Wage**
Percent of North Carolina 35-44-year-olds earning a living wage.

- 54% (VA 65%)

North Carolina's FAFSA completion rate is currently 64%, placing our state 19th among all states in 2019. Tennessee had the highest FAFSA completion rate (80%) among southern comparison states. By 2030, the goal is that 80% of North Carolina high school seniors will complete the FAFSA.

North Carolina’s postsecondary enrollment rate for 18-24-year-olds was 41% in 2018, placing our state 27th among all states. Virginia (43%) was the southern comparison state with the highest postsecondary enrollment rate. By 2030, the goal is to have 47% of North Carolina 18-24-year-olds enrolled in college or graduate school.

North Carolina’s first-year persistence rate was 77%, placing our state 14th among all states in 2018. Georgia had the highest first-year persistence rate among southern states (78%). By 2030, the goal is to have 80% of North Carolina’s first-year undergraduate students persist to their second year.

North Carolina’s postsecondary completion rate for students who began at a 4-year public institution was 74% in 2018, placing our state 9th among all states. In Virginia, the top-performing southern state, this rate was 80%. By 2030, the goal is to have 80% of students who begin postsecondary at a University of North Carolina system school complete a degree or credential within six years.

North Carolina’s postsecondary completion rate for students who began at a 4-year private institution was 72% in 2018, placing our state 28th among all states. In Texas, the top-performing southern state, this rate was 75%. By 2030, the goal is to have 80% of students who begin postsecondary at a North Carolina 4-year private institution complete a degree or credential within six years.

North Carolina’s postsecondary completion rate for students who began at a 2-year public institution was 38% in 2018, placing our state 28th among all states. In Florida, the top-performing southern state, this rate was 48%. By 2030, the goal is to have 45% of students who begin college at an NC community college complete a degree or credential within six years.

North Carolina’s labor market alignment was 82% in the most recently available data, meaning roughly eight-in-ten graduates from state postsecondary institutions had skills and credentials aligned with job openings. MyFutureNC is working with NC Commerce and the NC Works Commission to establish a 2030 goal for this indicator.

Just over one in every fourteen (7.0%) North Carolina 16-19-year-olds was not in school or working in 2018, placing our state 31st among all states for disconnected youth. In Virginia, the southern state with the lowest levels of youth disconnection, this rate was 4.8%. MyFutureNC is working with NC Commerce and the NC Works Commission to establish a 2030 goal for this indicator.

More than eight in every ten—83%—of North Carolina adults ages 25-44 were in the labor force in 2018, the 33rd highest rate among the states. In Virginia, the southern state with the highest rate, this proportion was 85%. MyFutureNC is working with NC Commerce and the NC Works Commission to establish a 2030 goal for this indicator.

Slightly more than half—54%—of North Carolina’s mid-career adults (35-44) had a family income greater than 300% of the federal poverty line in 2018. This proportion was 65% in Virginia, the top-performing southern state. MyFutureNC is working with NC Commerce and the NC Works Commission to establish a 2030 goal for this indicator.

* = top southern state (not available for all indicators)